Year 4 Autumn 1 Electricity

Learning objectives for this topic	Key vocabulary	Useful websites to search for	
Identify common appliances that run on electricity. Construct a simple series electrical circuit, identifying and naming its basic parts, including cells, wires, bulbs, switches and buzzers Identify whether or not a lamp will light in a simple series circuit, based on whether or not the lamp is	Battery - A container consisting of one or more cells where chemical energy is converted into electricity and used as a source of power Bulb - A glass bulb which provides light by passing an electrical current through a filament Buzzer - An electrical device that makes a buzzing	BBC Education Clips Electricity BBC Bitesize Electricity	
Part of a complete loop with a battery Recognise some common conductors and insulators, and associate metals with being good conductors. Recognise that a switch opens and closes a circuit and associate this with whether or not a lamp lights in a simple series circuit.	noise and is used for signalling Cell - A device containing electrodes that is used for generating current Circuit - A complete and closed path around which a circulating electric current can flow Conductor - A material or device which allows heat or electricity to carry through Current - A flow of electricity which results from the ordered directional movement of electrically charged particles Electricity - A form of energy resulting from the existence of charged particles Filament - A conducting wire or thread with a high melting point that forms part of an electric bulb Motor - A machine powered by electricity that supplies motive power for a vehicle or other moveable device Switch - A device for making and breaking the connection in an electric circuit Voltage - An electrical force that makes electricity move through a wire, measured in volts	Key scientists and people Nikola Tesla William Gilbert Benjamin Franklin Thomas Edison	